Taylor & Francis Group an informa business

AUTHORSERVICES Supporting Taylor & Francis authors



Publishing in academic journals

如何发表学术论文

Tips to help you succeed

小技巧助你成功









Taylor & Francis 泰勒弗朗西斯出版集团

Publisher of **scholarly journals since 1798** 学术出版历史可追溯到**1798**年

Work in **partnership** with learned societies and universities 成为著名学协会及大学的**合作伙伴**

Publish across **Science, Social Sciences, Humanities, Technology, Arts and Medicine** 出版范围涵盖了**人文科学、社会科学、行为科学、科学技术与医学**等诸多学科

Global publisher with offices in Beijing, Singapore, Tokyo, Oxford, Philadelphia and Melbourne (plus more)

全球化的出版集团,在北京、新加坡、东京、牛津、费城、墨尔本等20多个国家设有分支机构

Partner with innovators to **improve the publishing experience** for authors and make articles more discoverable (including Altmetric, Figshare, Kudos and ORCiD). 致力于**改进作者的出版体验**,提高文章可发现性







Taylor & Francis Group an informa business















Routledge Economics, Finance and Accounting Portfolio









Routledge Economics, Finance and Accounting Portfolio

- We publish 40 Journals in the field of Economics 出版40本经济类期刊
- 30% of these titles fall into the broad category of Heterodox Economics where we are particularly strong as a Publisher 30%属于非主流经济学(Routledge在此领域实力尤其雄厚)
- We publish 17 titles in Finance and Accounting 出版17本金融财会类期刊
- We partner with a number of academic and professional associations to publish journals on their behalf 我们与多家学术及专业协会合作出版其刊物









Routledge Economics, Finance and Accounting Portfolio

- 34 Journals indexed in the Social Sciences Citation Index
 34本期刊被SSCI收录
- 19 Journals indexed in the *Emerging Sources Citation Index* 19 本期刊被**ESCI**收录
- 53 Journals indexed in the Chartered Association of Business Schools
 Academic Journal Guide
 53本期刊进入Chartered Association of Business Schools学术期刊指南
- 46 Journals indexed in the Australian Business Deans Council Journal
 Quality List
 46本期刊进入Australian Business Deans Council 期刊质量目录







Routledge Economics Journals

- Agrekon
- Applied Economics
- Applied Economics Letters
- Asia-Pacific Journal Of Accounting & Economics
- Baltic Journal Of Economics
- Challenge
- China Economic Journal
- Eastern European Economics
- Economic And Political Studies
- Economic History Of Developing Regions
- Economic Research-Ekonomska Istraživanja
- Economic Systems Research
- Economics Of Innovation And New Technology

- Education Economics
- Feminist Economics
- Forum For Social Economics
- Global Economic Review
- History Of Economics Review
- International Economic
 Journal
- International Journal Of Political Economy
- International Journal Of The Economics Of Business
- International Review Of Applied Economics
- Journal Of Applied Economics
- Journal Of Chinese Economic And Business Studies
- Journal Of Economic Issues
- Journal Of Economic Methodology

- Journal Of Economic Policy Reform
- Journal Of Economics
- Journal Of Post Keynesian Economics
- Labour & Industry
- New Zealand Economic Papers
- Problems Of Economic Transition
- Review Of Political Economy
- Review Of Social Economy
- Scandinavian Economic History Review
- The Chinese Economy
- The European Journal Of The History Of Economic Thought
- The International Trade Journal
- The Japanese Political Economy
- The Journal Of International Trade & Economic Development











Routledge Finance and Accounting Journals

China Journal Of Accounting Studies Scandinavian Actuarial Journal Investment Analysts Journal

- South African Journal Of Accounting Research
- Accounting History Review
- Accounting And Business Research
- Accounting Education An International Journal
- Accounting In Europe
- Applied Mathematical Finance

- Social And Environmental Accountability Journal
- European Accounting Review
- Spanish Journal Of Finance And Accounting / Revista Espanola
- The European Journal Of Finance
- Quantitative Finance
- Journal Of Behavioral Finance
- Emerging Markets Finance And Trade
- North American Actuarial Journal







Why publish?

- To exchange ideas 交流思想
- To build reputation建立学术声誉
- To disseminate work on a global scale 研究成果在全球范围内传播

Have you got:

- ▶ Something new to say? 你有新的想法吗?
- A solution to a current or difficult problem? 你有解决方案吗?
- A new development on a 'hot' topic in your field 你有"热门"领域的新进展吗?

Publishing - a necessary step in the research process 发表学术论文 — 学术研究过程中的必要步骤







What are you publishing?

- Are you publishing new methods and / or results?
 发表新方法、新结论?
- Are you reviewing or summarizing a particular area?
 总结特定研究领域进展?
- Does it advance knowledge and understanding of a particular area? 是否促进了特定研究领域的知识进步?

Don't publish...

- Something of no scholarly interest 没有学术趣味的内容
- Out-of-date work 过时的成果
- A duplication of existing, published research 重复发表
- Incorrect or unacceptable conclusions 错误的或不能接受的结论









Think about what you want to publish

- Full articles 原创文章: offering original insights
- Letters 通讯: communicating advances quickly
- Reviews 综述: offer a perspective, summarising recent developments on a significant topic
- Conference papers 会议文章: something to consider if your research project is 'in progress'







The stages to go through before submitting

Taylor & Francis Group an informa business

Idea

想法

Choose journal

挑选期刊

Read back issues

阅读过刊

Write first draft

第一稿

写作

Use critical friend

听取客观 评价

Refine further drafts

修改

Check Notes for contributors

熟读作者须 知

Proof read and submit

校对投稿







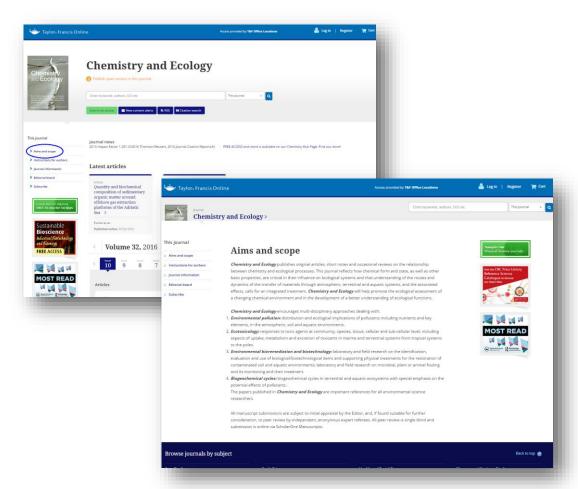
Taylor & Francis Group an informa business

Choosing the right journal





Why you should read a journal's 'Aims & Scope'



The 'Aims & Scope' will help you understand what the journal is about, and who it is for.

Find it on the journal page on tandfonline.com

"Aims & Scope" 可以帮助你了解可 能的收稿范围







Know the journal

Who or what is/are the journal's:

- Editor 主编
- Editorial board 编委会
- Publisher 出版商
- Authors 作者
- Society affiliation 学协会
- Readership 读者群
- Impact Factor 影响因子
- Peer review process 审稿流程
- Submission process? 投稿流程
- Open Access policy? 开放获取政策







Think. Check. Submit.

0











- A publishing industry initiative which aims to help you make informed choices, and choose trusted journals to publish your research
- Provides you with a toolkit to assess whether the journal you plan to submit to is appropriate for your work, and is also a respected, reputable journal
- 一想、二查、三投稿帮你选择正确的期刊



Faylor & Francis Group

an informa business

www.thinkchecksubmit.org



Supporting Taylor & Francis authors



The Think. Check. Submit. checklist

- 1. Do you or your colleagues know the journal? 你或你的同事是否知道这本期刊?
- 2. Is the journal clear about the type of peer review that it uses? 同行评审的类型是否清楚?
- 3. Can you easily identify and contact the publisher? 出版商的联系方式是否容易找到?
- 4. Is the publisher a member of a recognized industry initiative? 出版商是否参与了业内公认的行业倡议?



















Journal citation metrics

Citation metrics - widely used as measures of quality by:

引文数据 - 广泛地被用来评价期刊质量

- Librarians

- Researchers

- Tenure & promotion committees

- Publishers

- Grant awarding bodies

In the simplest terms, they calculate the average number of citations over a specified time period. 在特定时间段计算平均引用次数

- Impact Factor / Social Sciences Citation Index
- SNIP/ Scopus
- Eigenfactor Score



There are many factors to consider when deciding which journal is right for your paper. 是否是合适的期刊还要考虑许多其他因素





Taylor & Francis Group an informa business

What is









 Making content freely available online to read 内容免费在线阅读

Meaning your article can be read by anyone, anywhere 你的文章可以在任何地方被任何人阅读

2. Making content reusable by third parties with little or no restrictions 内容在很少或无限制条件下的再利用







Definitions

Gold Open Access 金色开放获取

- publication of the final article (Version of Record)
 文章发表的最终版本 (记录版本)
- article is made freely available online (often but not always after payment of an article publishing charge [APC])

免费在线获取 (通常但不总是在支付文章发表费之后上线)

Green Open Access 绿色开放获取

- Archiving / deposit of an (earlier version of an) article in a repository
 - 将文章发表之前的版本存放在知识库中







4 reasons to publish OA

- 1. Increased **discoverability**: anyone can read (and cite) your work. 提高可发现性
- 2. Reaching **beyond academia**: it can be easily accessed by people outside your research field, and outside the scholarly community. 获得学术界以外的群体关注
- 3. **Highlighting your work**: you can share and post your final published article (the Version of Record) anywhere. 强调研究成果
- 4. **Ownership**: You retain the copyright to your work. 所有权







Taylor & Francis Group an informa business

Writing for a journal







Think like an editor

"...I think authors need to think 'what is it like to be an editor of a journal? How many papers is the Editor receiving per day, per week? What is going to actually make the journal pay attention to my paper?" 作者需要思考期刊编辑每天、每周收到多少投稿?如何吸引编辑的注意?

Monica Taylor, former editor of the Journal of Moral Education







Taylor & Francis Group an informa business

Do:

- ✓ Look at published papers 阅读已发表文章
- ✓ Fit the Aims & Scope 适合的收稿范围
- ✓ Format your article to the journal 按期刊要求排版
- ✓ Know where or who to submit to 知道如何投稿
- ✓ Check spelling and grammar 检查拼写和语法
- ✓ Consider English 'polishing' 是否需要语言润色
- ✓ Ask a colleague to read it 邀请同事阅读

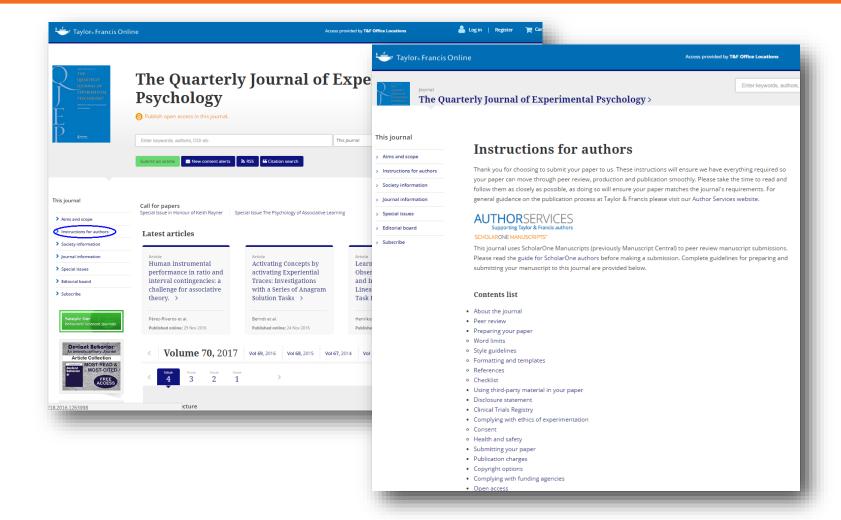
Don't:

- × Overlook the title 忽略文章标题
- × Rush the abstract 匆匆完成摘要
- × Dismiss the Instructions for Authors 忽略作者指南
- × Ignore the bibliography 忽略参考文献
- × Leave acronyms unexplained 不解释缩略词
- × Forget to clear any copyright 忘记处理版权问题
- × Miss out attachments (figures, tables, images) 忽略附件
- × Send the incorrect version of your paper 提交错误版本的文章





Instructions for Authors



Taylor & Francis Group an informa business







Your title and abstract

Your title and abstract are **your article's 'shop window'** so make it attractive:

标题和摘要是文章的**展示窗口**,需要具备吸引力

- Put what's new / what makes if different at the start 新颖的内容在开头展示
- Think about how someone will search for your research what search terms will they use? 思考搜索词
- Use these in your title and abstract to make your article more discoverable (search engine optimization). 并在标题和摘要中使用
- Use clear, concise language that could be understood by someone outside of your field. 使用清楚简练的语言
- Draw out the main issues you are looking to address in both the title and abstract (but be brief!). 在标题和摘要中**简练地**指出你要研究的问题







What makes a good title

"We would typically expect a strong title, a good title that really expressed what the article was about and made it clear to the reader exactly what the topic was, and it's amazing how often writers neglect to do that. 编辑期望文章有一个使读者一目了然的标题。然后我们惊讶于很多作者都忽略了这一点。"

Professor Mark Brundrett, Editor of *Education 3-13*



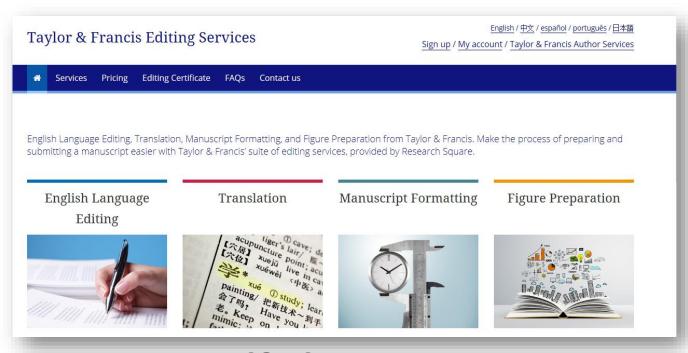






Taylor & Francis Editing Services

Making the process of preparing and submitting a manuscript easier. 编辑服务使投稿程序简化





www.tandfeditingservices.com





Ethics for authors: the essentials

- Be wary of self-plagiarism. 警惕自我抄袭
- Don't submit a paper to more than one journal at a time.
 避免一稿多投
- Don't send an incomplete paper just to get feedback. 避免提交不完整稿件仅为获得审稿意见
- Always include and / or acknowledge all co-authors (and let them know you've submitted the paper to be published). 永远保证共同作者的知情权
- Always mention any source of funding for your paper.
 永远提及文章涉及研究的资金来源
- If you are using data sets gathered by someone else, check that you have permission to use them in your article. 如果使用了他人的数据集,确保你得到了所有者的允许



Information on ethics in journal publishing: authorservices.taylorandfrancis.com/ethics-for-authors





Your submission checklist

- ✓ A **title page** file with the names of all authors and co-authors 包括所有作者姓名的**标题页**
- ✓ Main document file with abstract, keywords, main text and all references

主要文件包括摘要,关键词,正文,参考文献

- ✓ **Figure, image** or **table** files (with permission cleared) 图表,图片(具备使用许可的)
- ✓ Any extra files, such as your **supplemental** material 补充材料
- ✓ Biographical notes
 个人简历
- ✓ Your **cover letter** 说明信







Taylor & Francis Group an informa business

Peer review







What is peer review?

Allows an author's research to be evaluated and commented upon by independent experts. 同行评审是独立专家评价作者研究成果的过程。

Which can take different forms:

- Single-blind review: where the reviewer's name is hidden from the author. 单盲评审
- **Double-blind review:** where the reviewer's name is hidden from the author and the author's name is hidden from the reviewer. 双盲评审
- Open review: where no identities are concealed. 公开评审
- **Post-publication review:** where comments can be made by readers and reviewers after the article has been published. 发表后评审

Every article published in a Taylor & Francis journal goes through rigorous peer review.



每一篇发表在Taylor & Francis期刊上的文章都要经过严格的同行评议。





Stages of peer review

Accept **Editor receives Minor amendments** Sent out to reviewers manuscript & makes **Major amendments** an initial assessment 审稿人审稿 Reject 编辑初审 一审决定 Feedback to **Amend Production stage** author 生产阶段 **Article Published** 文章发表

Taylor & Francis Group





How to handle reviewers' comments

- Try to accept feedback 尝试接受审稿意见
- Revise your paper as requested 按要求修改
- If you can't revise your paper as requested, explain why 若不能修改,提供解释说明
- Revise the paper following the timeline suggested by the Editor 按时提交修改稿
- Thank the reviewers for their time 感谢审稿人

If you're responding:

- Be specific 详细回复
- Defend your position: be assertive and persuasive, not defensive or aggressive 捍卫你的立场:自信有说服力,而不是防御性或侵略性

If you have questions, ask the Editor for guidance. A good editor will want to help. **遇到问题,请联系期刊编辑**。负责任的编辑都会尝试帮助你。







Top ten reasons for rejection (what to avoid)

- 1. Sent to the wrong journal, doesn't fit the aims and scope, or fails to engage with issues addressed by the journal. 投稿到错误的期刊
- 2. Not a true journal article (i.e., too journalistic or clearly a thesis chapter or consultancy report). 不是真正的研究文章
- 3. Too long/too short. 太长或太短
- 4. Poor regard of the journal's conventions, or for academic writing generally. 不符合期刊或学术写作习惯
- 5. Poor style, grammar, punctuation, or English. 糟糕的文体、语法、标点符号或语言
- 6. No contribution to the subject. 对学科领域无贡献
- 7. Not properly contextualised. 没有适当的情境化
- 8. Poor theoretical framework. 薄弱的理论框架
- 9. Scrappily presented and sloppily proof read. 散乱的排版
- **10**. Libellous, unethical, rude or lacks objectivity. 避免诽谤性的,不道德的,粗鲁或缺乏客观性的内容

Taylor & Francis Group







What to do if your article is rejected

- Do nothing for a few days: try to calm down and try not to take it personally. 冷静下来,不要把它当回事
- You could use the reviewers' comments, alter the paper and submit to another journal. 借助审稿人意见修改文章,投稿给其他期刊
- If you do submit elsewhere, make sure you alter your paper to the new style of that journal. Editors can easily detect a paper that was submitted to another publication. 如果投稿给其他期刊,确保你的文章修改成该期刊的风格和格式
- If you are asked to make heavy amendments and resubmit, you must decide if it is worthwhile. 如果被要求做过多的修改,你必须决定是否值得这么做。







Taylor & Francis Group an informa business

Congratulations, you're published!







Maximising your article's impact

Use these tips to maximise the potential of your article to be seen, read, and cited.

使用下面的技巧让你的文章最大程度地被发现,被阅读,被引用

- **Post updates** and link to your article on academic and professional networking sites. 利用学术专业网站
- Use social media to **post a link to your article** and **highlight key points**. 利用社交媒体
- Add a brief summary and link to your article on your department website. Then add it to your students' reading lists. 利用院系网站
- Think your research is newsworthy? **Speak to your institution's press office**, provide them with a link to your article, and **include them in social media posts**. 利用研究机构的新闻办公室
- If you are a blogger or have a personal webpage write about your article and link to it. Then write about your post on social media, linking to it and the article. 利用博客或个人网站







Faylor & Francis Group

"Publicizing an article is work, but it's worth it. I have received more emails about my article in the past two months than I have about all my other work in the previous year. Another university has invited me to visit because of my work, and my students are more excited about research because they see the attention it is getting. Not every article I write will be as interesting to the public, but I will definitely be working to do what I can to rustle up some interest in my work in the future.

宣传文章是一项工作,但是非常值得。"

Russell Warne, Assistant Professor, Utah Valley University







Taylor & Francis Group

"I disagree with the widely circulated mantra of "publish or perish". Today, you can publish and still perish because there is now so much more published work than there was 1, 2, 5, 10, 20 years ago, and it's more accessible than ever before. In this publishing climate, the question for authors – and which editors increasingly focus on - is who is going to be interested, and why? 我不同意广泛流传地"出版或灭亡"的口头禅。 相比20年前,如今发表的文章远超当年并且能够通过各 种方式获得。作者和编辑更加关心的是谁会对发表的文

Dr. John Harrison, Early Career Editor, Regional Studies







Guidance, news and ideas for authors



authorservices.taylorandfrancis.com









Questions?



Twitter: @tandfauthorserv

Facebook: tandfauthorservices



